



THE IMPORTANCE OF OPTIMIZATION OF BLOOD PRESSURE AND CARDIAC FUNCTION IN PREVENTING SCI WITH TAA REPAIRS

Armando Mansilha MD, PhD, FEBVS Joel Sousa MD

SCI IN TAA REPAIR

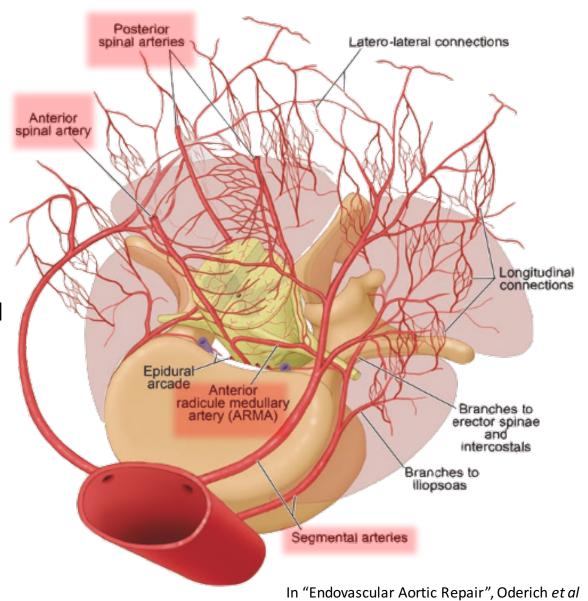
- COMMON complication
 - 22% of type II open repairs
 - 30% of all endovascular repairs

Most dreaded complication for SURGEONS

- Devastating for PATIENTS
 - Dramatic life changes
 - Often leads to early mortality

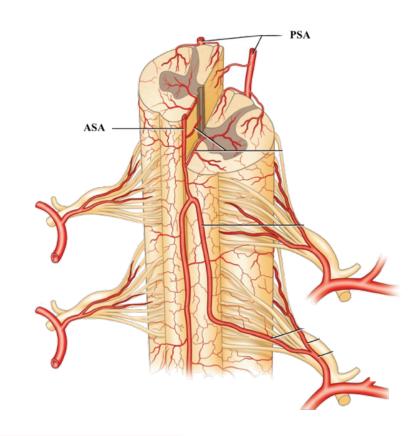
- SPINAL CORD is nourished by 3 main arteries:
 - Anterior spinal artery (ASA) 1
 - Posterior spinal arteries (PSA) 2

- Their flow depends on branches of the intercostal and lumbar arteries (Segmental arteries SA's):
 - Anterior radicular-medullary arteries
 - Posterior radicular-medullary arteries

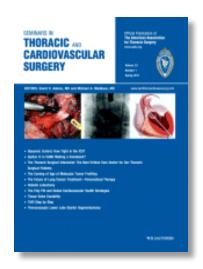


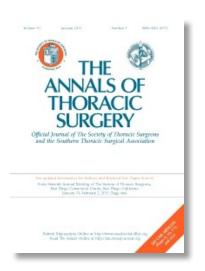
ARTERY OF ADAMKIEWICZ

- Many attempts were made to preserve this vessel intra-operatively
 - Pre-operative identification of the vessel in high-resolution CTA
 - Intra-operative re-implantation



LACK OF IMPROVEMENT IN PARAPLEGIA RATES





Imaging of vascular remodeling after simulated thoracoabdominal aneurysm repair

Sarah Geisbüsch, MD,^a Deborah Schray,^a Moritz S. Bischoff, MD,^a Hung-Mo Lin, ScD,^b Randall B. Griepp, MD,^a and Gabriele Di Luozzo, MD^a

There is NO UNIQUE SA whose INTERRUPTION

results in cord ischemia

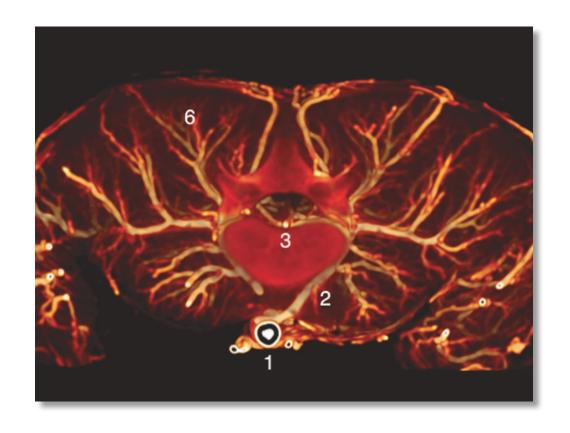
Thoracic and Thoracoabdominal Aneurysm Repairs Is Reimplantation of Spinal Cord Arteries a Waste of Time?

Christian D. Etz, MD, James C. Halstead, MA (Cantab), MRCS, David Spielvogel, MD, Rohit Shahani, MD, Ricardo Lazala, MD, Tobias M. Homann, MS, Donald J. Weisz, PhD, Konstadinos Plestis, MD, and Randall B. Griepp, MD

Departments of Cardiothoracic Surgery and Neurosurgery, Mount Sinai School of Medicine, New York, New York

- Blood supply to the spinal cord is part of an **EXTENSIVE NETWORK** of vessels
- Extends into the para-spinous muscles

- Multiple connections between major arteries
 - Intercostal
 - Lumbar
 - Subclavian
 - Hypogastric
 - Internal thoracic



SCI IN TAA REPAIR - PATHOPHYSIOLOGY



Spinal Cord Preservation in Thoracoabdominal Aneurysm Repair

Several animal studies were performed in order to



explain the SCI pathophysiology

paraplegia after subsequent thoracoabdominal aneurysm repair:
An experimental model

Sarah Geisbüsch, MD,^a Angelina Stefanovic,^a Jacob S. Koruth, MD,^b Hung-Mo Lin, ScD,^c Susan Morgello, MD,^d Donald J. Weisz, MD,^e Randall B. Griepp, MD,^a and Gabriele Di Luozzo, M



PRESSURE STUDIES

EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF CARDIO-THORACIC SURGERY

Official journal of the European Society of Theact Suggests

OXYDED

Spinal cord blood flow and ischemic injury after experimental sacrifice of thoracic and abdominal segmental arteries*

Christian D. Etz^{a,*}, Tobias M. Homann^a, Maximilian Luehr^a, Fabian A. Kari^a, Donald J. Weisz^{b,c}, George Kleinman^c, Konstadinos A. Plestis^a, Randall B. Griepp

SCI IN TAA REPAIR - PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

Following extensive SA occlusion, SCBF and CNP drop dramatically

BLOOD PRESSURE AND CARDIAC FUNCTION IN

PREVENTING SCI WITH TAA REPAIRS?

post-operatively and EXTENDS FOR THE FIRST / ZH after the operation

SCI IN TAA REPAIR



Directly measuring spinal cord blood flow and spinal cord perfusion pressure via the collateral network: Correlations with changes in systemic blood pressure

Yuya Kise, MD, Yukio Kuniyoshi, MD, PhD, Hitoshi Inafuku, MD, PhD, Takaaki Nagano, MD, Tsuneo Hirayasu, MD, PhD, and Satoshi Yamashiro, MD, PhD

By optimizing MAP, one can increase SCBP and avoid spinal cord ischemic lesions during the period in which proper collateralization installs (5h – 72h)

SCI IN TAA REPAIR



Cardiac function is a risk factor for paralysis in thoracoabdominal aortic replacement

Charles W. Acher, MD, Martha M. Wynn, MD, John R. Hoch, MD, and Paul W. Kranner, MD, Madison, Wis.

The significant drop in the cardiac index in patients with deficits compared with patients without deficits may reflect the important contribution of cardiac function to the collateralized circulation of the spinal cord during and after aortic occlusion

CURRENT PROTOCOLS

Interventions for Reversing Delayed-Onset Postoperative Paraplegia After Thoracic Aortic Reconstruction

Albert T. Cheung, MD, Stuart J. Weiss, MD, PhD, Michael L. McGarvey, MD, Mark M. Stecker, MD, PhD, Michael S. Hogan, BS, Alison Escherich, MPH, and Joseph E. Bavaria, MD

Strategies to Manage Paraplegia Risk After Endovascular Stent Repair of Descending Thoracic Aortic Aneurysms

Albert T. Cheung, MD, Alberto Pochettino, MD, Michael L. McGarvey, MD, Jehangir J. Appoo, MD, Ronald M. Fairman, MD, Jeffrey P. Carpenter, MD, William G. Moser, RN, Edward Y. Woo, MD, and Joseph E. Bavaria, MD

Prevention of spinal cord in any during endovascular thoracan adminal repair

Emanuel R. TENORIO 1, Matthew J. EAGLETON 2, Jussi M. KÄRKKÄINEN 1, Gustavo S. ODERICH 1 *

Successful reversal of recurrent spinal cord ischemia following endovascular repair of a descending thoracic aortic aneurysm

J J Appoo, ^{M1} H D Gregory, ² H D Toeg, ³ C A Prusinkiewicz, ² W D T Kent, ¹ A Ferland, ⁴ and D V Ha²

MAP was maintained from 75 - 85 mmHg

• MAT was maintained from 75 - 85 mmHg

If SCI: MAP was increased to 85 - 100 mmHg

• The goal MAP is targeted at ≥ 80 mmHg

MAP was maintained from > 90 mmHg

STANDARD OF CARE

• VULNERABILITY TO SCI seems to PEAK AT 5 HOURS post-op and EXTENDS FOR THE FIRST 72 HOURS

• During this time, especially during the first 24h, it is **IMPERATIVE** to keep **MAP** at **HIGH NORMAL LEVELS**

In patients with PREVIOUS KNOWN HYPERTENSION:

- MAP may need to be at HIGHER LEVELS THAN NORMOTENSIVE PATIENTS
- Function by means of motor evoked potentials or neurological examination should be watched

CONCLUSION

• Blood pressure and cardiac function optimization are important factors in SCI prevention during TAA repairs

Successful prevention of SCI requires an extensive multidisciplinary approach

Blood pressure and cardiac function optimization represent
ONLY A PART OF IT !!





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